## UNITED STATES

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 

## FORM 8-K

## CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

$$
\text { (Exact name of registrant as } \frac{\text { Tapestry, Inc. }}{\text { specified in its charter) }}
$$

Maryland<br>(State of Incorporation)

$\qquad$
(Commission File Number)

10 Hudson Yards, New York, NY 10001
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

$$
(212) 594-1850
$$

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:
$\square$ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
$\square$ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
$\square$ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).
Emerging growth company
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

## Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On November 7, 2017, Tapestry, Inc. (the "Company") issued a press release (the "Press Release") in which the Company announced its financial results for its first fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2017. All information in the Press Release is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") or otherwise subject to liability under that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

## Item 8.01 Other Events

The Company has changed its reportable segments to align with the new structure of its business as a New York-based house of brands. Prior to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, ("fiscal 2018"), the Company had the following three reportable segments: North America (Coach brand), International (Coach brand) and Stuart Weitzman. Beginning in fiscal 2018, following the acquisition of Kate Spade \& Company, the Company's reportable segments are:

- Coach - Includes worldwide sales of Coach brand products to customers through Coach operated stores, including the Internet, concession shop-inshops and sales to wholesale customers and independent third party distributors.
- Kate Spade - Includes worldwide sales primarily of kate spade new york brand products to customers through Kate Spade operated stores, including the Internet, concession shop-in-shops, independent third party distributors and to wholesale customers.
- Stuart Weitzman - Includes worldwide sales of Stuart Weitzman brand products primarily to wholesale customers, numerous independent third party distributors and through Stuart Weitzman operated stores, including the Internet.

The new segment structure is consistent with how the Company establishes its overall business strategy, allocates resources and assesses performance. No operating segments were aggregated to form the Company's reportable segments. In addition to these reportable segments, the Company also has one non-reportable segment, Corporate, which represents certain costs that are not directly attributable to a brand. These costs primarily represent administration and information systems expense.

As a result of the change in reportable segments, certain costs were reclassified from Corporate unallocated, which was not a reportable segment, to the Coach and Stuart Weitzman segments, as the costs can now be specifically identified to each segment. The Company has historically included Corporate unallocated as part of the Coach brand consolidated results. Beginning in the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the first quarter of fiscal 2018, all prior period segment information has been recast to reflect the realignment of the Company's reportable and non-reportable segments.

The below table provides recasted segment reporting financial information by quarter and full fiscal year ended July 1, 2017 ("fiscal 2017"), as well as for the full fiscal year ended July 2, 2016 ("fiscal 2016") to provide historical financial information that is consistent with the Company's new reporting structure. The changes in the reportable segment structure discussed above affect only the manner in which the results of the Company's reportable segments were previously reported. This Form 8-K does not reclassify nor restate the Company's previously reported consolidated financial statements for any period. Nor does it reflect any subsequent information or events, other than as required to reflect the change in segments as described above. This Form 8-K should be read in conjunction with the fiscal 2016 Form 10-K and fiscal 2017 Form 10-K and the Company's subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The following tables summarize the recasted segment performance for each quarter in fiscal 2017:

|  | Fiscal 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Coach |  | Stuart Weitzman |  | Corporate |  | Total |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (millions) } \\ \text { (unaudited) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Three Months Ended October 1, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ | 950.1 | \$ | 87.5 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,037.6 |
| Gross profit |  | 663.6 |  | 51.1 |  | - |  | 714.7 |
| Operating income (loss) |  | 232.3 |  | 3.9 |  | (70.3) |  | 165.9 |
| Three Months Ended December 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ | 1,203.4 | \$ | 118.3 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,321.7 |
| Gross profit |  | 830.2 |  | 76.0 |  | - |  | 906.2 |
| Operating income (loss) |  | 338.7 |  | 12.0 |  | (73.3) |  | 277.4 |
| Three Months Ended April 1, 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ | 915.3 | \$ | 79.9 | \$ | - | \$ | 995.2 |
| Gross profit |  | 656.1 |  | 49.6 |  | - |  | 705.7 |
| Operating income (loss) |  | 222.9 |  | 2.5 |  | (74.3) |  | 151.1 |
| Three Months Ended July 1, 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ | 1,045.9 | \$ | 87.9 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,133.8 |
| Gross profit |  | 705.1 |  | 49.4 |  | - |  | 754.5 |
| Operating income (loss) |  | 246.1 |  | (2.9) |  | (50.2) |  | 193.0 |

The following tables summarize the recasted segment performance for fiscal 2017 and fiscal 2016:

Twelve months ended July 1, 2017
Net sales
Gross profit
Operating income (loss)

Twelve Months Ended July 2, 2016
Net sales
Gross profit
Operating income (loss)


The above amounts include charges incurred under the Company's previously announced Operational Efficiency and Transformation Plans as well as non-recurring integration and acquisition-related charges. These charges are recorded within cost of sales and selling, general \& administrative expenses ("SG\&A").

The following tables summarizes these charges for each quarter in fiscal 2017 and in total for fiscal 2017 and fiscal 2016:

## Stuart Weitzman

## Cost of sales

Integration \& Acquisition (1)
Gross profit

| Three Months Ended |  |  |  | Twelve Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { October 1, } \\ 2016 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2016 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { April 1, } \\ 2017 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { July } 1, \\ 2017 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { July 1, } \\ 2017 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { July 2, } \\ 2016 \end{gathered}$ |
| (millions) (unaudited) |  |  |  |  |  |

Gross prof


SG\&A
Integration \& Acquisition (1)
SG\&A


## Corporate


(1) Represent charges attributable to the integration and acquisition of Stuart Weitzman Holdings LLC and Kate Spade \& Company.
(2) Fiscal 2017 charges primarily reflect organizational efficiency and technology infrastructure costs. Fiscal 2016 reflect charges primarily related to organizational efficiency costs and to a lesser extent, network optimization costs.
(3) The Transformation Plan was completed in fiscal 2016. Fiscal 2016 charges related to lease termination charges and organizational efficiency costs.

## Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits. The following exhibit is being furnished herewith:

## SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: November 7, 2017

TAPESTRY, INC.

By: /s/ Nancy Axilrod

## Tapestry, Inc. Reports Fiscal 2018 First Quarter Results

- First Quarter Net Sales Increased 24\% Driven By Acquisition Of Kate Spade
- Maintains Fiscal 2018 Guidance

NEW YORK--(BUSINESS WIRE)--November 7, 2017--Tapestry, Inc. (NYSE:TPR) (SEHK:6388), a leading New York-based house of modern luxury accessories and lifestyle brands, today reported first quarter results for the period ended September 30, 2017.

Victor Luis, Chief Executive Officer of Tapestry, Inc., said "Our first quarter performance was in line with our expectations, reflecting the benefits of our diversified multi-brand model, notably the contribution of Kate Spade to our consolidated results and double-digit growth at Stuart Weitzman. While our Coach comparable store sales were impacted by both expected calendar shifts and inventory challenges as well as the effects of the unanticipated natural disasters - we have returned to growth thus far in the second quarter and are well positioned for holiday. Importantly, we remain on track to achieve the annual guidance we set out for Tapestry in August."
"We have been especially pleased with our progress on the integration of Kate Spade onto the Tapestry platform. During the quarter, we took significant actions to position the brand for long-term success. We began to implement our strategic initiatives including the pull back on wholesale disposition and flash sales, while taking substantial steps to unlock cost synergies. After only a few months since the close of the Kate Spade acquisition, we're even more excited about the opportunities for the brand, both in terms of revenue growth, driven by distribution and productivity, and profitability improvements, as we leverage our scale across our supply chain, global business development organization and other corporate functions. Importantly, we now expect to achieve run-rate synergies of approximately $\$ 100$ to $\$ 115$ million in fiscal 2019 versus our previous guidance of $\$ 50$ million."

## First Quarter 2018 Non-GAAP Reconciliation Items:

The Company recorded the following on a reported basis:

- Integration and Acquisition Costs: charges of approximately $\$ 188$ million, which relate to the purchase and integration of Kate Spade. These costs primarily consist of the normal limited life purchase accounting adjustments, acquisition costs, the establishment of inventory reserves, severance and other costs related to contractual agreements with certain Kate Spade executives and organizational costs as a result of integration.
- Operational Efficiency Plan: charges of approximately \$3 million, primarily related to technology infrastructure and organizational efficiency costs.

During the first quarter of 2018, these items decreased the Company's consolidated reported operating profit by approximately $\$ 191$ million, due to a reduction in gross profit of approximately $\$ 88$ million and an increase in SG\&A expenses of approximately $\$ 102$ million. Reported net income was negatively impacted by $\$ 137$ million or about $\$ 0.48$ per diluted share in the first quarter.

## Overview of First Quarter 2018 Tapestry, Inc. Results:

Fiscal 2018 first quarter performance includes the contribution of Kate Spade for the period subsequent to the closing of the acquisition on July 11, 2017 through the end of the fiscal quarter on September 30, 2017.

- Net sales totaled $\$ 1.29$ billion for the first fiscal quarter as compared to $\$ 1.04$ billion in the prior year, an increase of $24 \%$. On a constant currency basis, total sales increased 25\%.
- Gross profit totaled $\$ 764$ million on a reported basis, while gross margin for the quarter was $59.3 \%$ on a reported basis compared to $68.9 \%$ in the prior year. On a non-GAAP basis, gross profit totaled $\$ 853$ million, while gross margin was $66.2 \%$ as compared to $68.9 \%$ in the prior year.
- SG\&A expenses totaled $\$ 786$ million on a reported basis and represented $61.0 \%$ of sales compared to $52.9 \%$ in the year-ago quarter. On a non-GAAP basis, SG\&A expenses were $\$ 684$ million and represented $53.0 \%$ of sales as compared to $51.9 \%$ in the year-ago period.
- Operating income for the quarter was a loss of $\$ 22$ million on a reported basis, while operating margin was (1.7)\% versus $16.0 \%$ in the prior year. As expected, on a non-GAAP basis, operating income was $\$ 169$ million, a decrease of $4 \%$ versus prior year, consistent with guidance while operating margin was $13.1 \%$ versus $17.0 \%$ in last year's first quarter.
- Net interest expense was $\$ 21$ million in the quarter as compared to $\$ 6$ million in the year ago period.
- Net income for the quarter was a loss of $\$ 18$ million on a reported basis, with earnings per diluted share of (\$0.06). This compared to reported net income of $\$ 117$ million with earnings per diluted share of $\$ 0.42$ in the prior year period. On a nonGAAP basis, net income for the quarter totaled $\$ 120$ million, with earnings per diluted share of $\$ 0.42$. This compared to nonGAAP net income of $\$ 126$ million with earnings per diluted share of $\$ 0.45$ in the prior year period.

As previously announced, beginning in fiscal 2018, the Company changed its reportable segments to be by brand: Coach, Kate Spade and Stuart Weitzman. Accordingly, information under these new reportable segments, including restated prior year results, can be found below as well as in the Form 8-K filed with the SEC today.

First fiscal quarter results in each of the Company's reportable segments were as follows:

## Coach First Quarter of 2018 Results:

- Net sales for Coach totaled $\$ 924$ million for the first fiscal quarter as compared to $\$ 950$ million in the prior year, a decrease of $3 \%$. On a constant currency basis, sales declined $2 \%$. Global comparable store sales declined $2 \%$, including a benefit of approximately 100 basis points driven by an increase in global e-commerce. Results include the negative impact associated with the shift in timing of the Chinese Mid-Autumn festival into October, exacerbated by the impact of inventory mix issues as well as natural disasters occurring in the quarter, notably hurricanes in North America and typhoons in Asia.
- Gross profit for Coach totaled $\$ 632$ million on a reported and non-GAAP basis. Gross margin for the quarter was $68.4 \%$, including approximately 70 basis points of pressure from currency. This compared to gross margin of $69.8 \%$ in the prior year period on both a reported and non-GAAP basis.
- SG\&A expenses totaled $\$ 434$ million for Coach and represented $47.0 \%$ of sales compared to $45.4 \%$ in the year-ago quarter on a reported and non-GAAP basis.
- Operating income for Coach was $\$ 198$ million, while operating margin was $21.5 \%$ versus $24.4 \%$ in the prior year, both on a reported and non-GAAP basis.


## Kate Spade First Quarter of 2018 Results (for the post-acquisition period):

- Net sales for Kate Spade totaled $\$ 269$ million, reflecting, in part, the strategic pullback in wholesale disposition and online flash. Global comparable store sales declined $9 \%$, including the negative impact of approximately 600 basis points basis points from a decline in global e-commerce, as projected.
- Gross profit for Kate Spade totaled $\$ 76$ million on a reported basis, while gross margin for the period was $28.4 \%$. On a nonGAAP basis, gross profit was $\$ 165$ million, while gross margin was $61.3 \%$.
- SG\&A expenses for Kate Spade were $\$ 211$ million on a reported basis and represented $78.6 \%$ of sales. On a non-GAAP basis, SG\&A expenses were $\$ 143$ million and represented $53.3 \%$ of sales.
- Operating income for Kate Spade was a loss of $\$ 135$ million on a reported basis, representing an operating margin of (50.2)\%. On a non-GAAP basis, operating income totaled $\$ 22$ million, while operating margin was $8.0 \%$.


## Stuart Weitzman First Quarter of 2018 Results:

- Net sales for Stuart Weitzman totaled $\$ 96$ million for the first fiscal quarter compared to $\$ 88$ million reported in the same period of the prior year, an increase of $10 \%$.
- Gross profit for Stuart Weitzman totaled $\$ 56$ million on a reported basis and non-GAAP basis, while gross margin for the quarter was $58.1 \%$. This compared to prior year gross margin of $58.4 \%$ and $58.9 \%$ on a reported and non-GAAP basis, respectively.
- SG\&A expenses for Stuart Weitzman were $\$ 48$ million on a reported basis and represented $49.4 \%$ of sales as compared to $54.0 \%$ of sales in the prior year's first quarter. On a non-GAAP basis, SG\&A expenses were $\$ 47$ million or $48.5 \%$ of sales as compared to $52.8 \%$ of sales in the prior year.
- Operating income for Stuart Weitzman was $\$ 8$ million on a reported basis, while operating margin was $8.7 \%$ versus $4.4 \%$ in the prior year. On a non-GAAP basis, operating income was $\$ 9$ million or $9.6 \%$ of sales versus $6.0 \%$ in the prior year.

Mr. Luis added, "As we look forward to holiday and beyond, we are well positioned to drive positive comparable store sales for Coach driven by compelling product, our differentiated modern luxury store experience and bold marketing campaigns. For Stuart Weitzman, we are excited to show Giovanni Morelli's first collection to the trade in the upcoming weeks and to continue the brand's successful international distribution roll out. And for Kate Spade, our priority is integration and building the foundation for growth in FY19 and beyond."
"Overall, we remain focused on creating desire for our brands through innovation and reinforcing the emotional bonds with our customers across geographies. We are confident in the opportunities for Tapestry as a whole and for each of our brands individually within the attractive and growing $\$ 80$ billion global market for premium handbags and accessories, footwear and outerwear," Mr. Luis concluded.

## Fiscal Year 2018 Outlook

The following fiscal 2018 guidance is provided on a non-GAAP basis and includes projected Kate Spade results subsequent to the closing of the transaction on July 11, 2017.

The Company continues to expect revenues for fiscal 2018 to increase about $30 \%$ versus fiscal 2017, to $\$ 5.8$ to $\$ 5.9$ billion, with low-single digit organic growth and the acquisition of Kate Spade adding over $\$ 1.2$ billion in revenue.

In addition, the Company continues to project operating income growth of $22 \%$ to $25 \%$ versus fiscal 2017 driven by mid-singledigit organic growth, the acquisition of Kate Spade, and estimated synergies of $\$ 30$ to $\$ 35$ million. These synergies are expected to offset in part the reduction in profitability from the strategic and deliberate pullback of Kate Spade wholesale disposition and online flash sales channels. Taken together, the Kate Spade business and resulting synergies are expected to contribute approximately $\$ 130$ to $\$ 140$ million to operating income.

Net interest expense is now expected to be $\$ 80$ to $\$ 85$ million for the year while the full year fiscal 2018 tax rate is projected at about $25 \%$ to $26 \%$.

Overall, the Company continues to project earnings per diluted share in the range of $\$ 2.35-\$ 2.40$, an increase of about $10 \%$ to $12 \%$ for the year, including low-to-mid-single digit accretion from the acquisition of Kate Spade.

## Fiscal Year 2018 Outlook - Non-GAAP Disclosure:

The company is not able to provide a full reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures to GAAP because certain material items that impact these measures, such as the timing and exact amount of charges related to our integration and acquisition related charges, have not yet occurred or are out of the company's control. Accordingly, a reconciliation of our non-GAAP financial measure guidance to the corresponding GAAP measures is not available without unreasonable effort. Where possible, the company has identified the estimated impact of the items excluded from its fiscal 2018 guidance.

This fiscal 2018 non-GAAP guidance excludes (1) expected pre-tax charges of around $\$ 10$ million attributable to the company's Operational Efficiency Plan and (2) currently estimated Kate Spade integration and acquisition charges. During the quarter, the company paid approximately $\$ 40$ million related to acquisition transaction fees. The Company currently estimates that it will incur approximately $\$ 230$ million in pre-tax charges in fiscal 2018, which are attributable to Kate Spade integration-related costs. Of the $\$ 230$ million of integration-related charges, the Company estimates that approximately $\$ 130$ million will be non-cash items. The company continues to fully develop its integration plan.

In fiscal 2018, the Company adopted Accounting Standard Update (ASU) 2016-09 for the accounting of employee share-based payments, which was issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. This affects the Company's effective tax rate as certain tax impacts that were previously recorded to equity are now included in income tax expense. Further, because the tax impacts are defined by the company's stock price when Restricted Stock Units (RSUs) and Performance Restricted Stock Units (PRSUs) vest and when employees exercise their stock options, the timing and the amount of the impact cannot be forecasted.

## Conference Call Details:

The Company will host a conference call to review these results at 8:30 a.m. (ET) today, November 7, 2017. Interested parties may listen to the webcast by accessing www.tapestry.com/investors on the Internet or dialing into 1-877-510-8087 or 1-862-298-9015 and providing the Conference ID 88865318. A telephone replay will be available starting at 12:00 p.m. (ET) today, for a period of five business days. To access the telephone replay, call 1-800-585-8367 or 1-404-537-3406 and enter the Conference ID 88865318. A webcast replay of the earnings conference call will also be available for five business days on the Tapestry website.

The Company expects to report fiscal 2018 second quarter financial results on Tuesday, February 6, 2018. To receive notification of future announcements, please register at www.tapestry.com/investors ("Subscribe to E-Mail Alerts").

Tapestry, Inc. is a New York-based house of modern luxury lifestyle brands. The Company's portfolio includes Coach, Kate Spade and Stuart Weitzman. Our Company and our brands are founded upon a creative and consumer-led view of luxury that stands for inclusivity and approachability. Each of our brands are unique and independent, while sharing a commitment to innovation and authenticity defined by distinctive products and differentiated customer experiences across channels and geographies. To learn more about Tapestry, please visit www.tapestry.com. The Company's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol TPR. The Company’s Hong Kong Depositary Receipts are traded on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited under the symbol 6388.

Neither the Hong Kong Depositary Receipts nor the Hong Kong Depositary Shares evidenced thereby have been or will be registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and may not be offered or sold in the United States or to, or for the account of, a U.S. Person (within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act), absent registration or an applicable exemption from the registration requirements. Hedging transactions involving these securities may not be conducted unless in compliance with the Securities Act.

This information to be made available in this press release may contain forward-looking statements based on management's current expectations. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the statements under "Fiscal Year 2018 Outlook," as well as statements that can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "can," "should," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "continue," "project," "guidance," "forecast," "anticipate," "moving," "leveraging," "developing," "driving," "targeting," "assume," "plan," "pursue," "on track," "well positioned to drive," "look forward to," "achieve" or comparable terms. Future results may differ materially from management's current expectations, based upon a number of important factors, including risks and uncertainties such as expected economic trends, the ability to anticipate consumer preferences, the ability to control costs and successfully execute our transformation and operational efficiency initiatives and growth strategies and our ability to achieve intended benefits, cost savings and synergies from acquisitions, etc. Please refer to the Company's latest Annual Report on Form 10-K and its other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission for a complete list of risks and important factors.

## TAPESTRY, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
For the Quarters Ended September 30, 2017 and October 1, 2016
(in millions, except per share data).

|  |  | QUART |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ | 1,288.9 | \$ | 1,037.6 |
| Cost of sales |  | 524.5 |  | 322.9 |
| Gross Profit |  | 764.4 |  | 714.7 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses |  | 786.2 |  | 548.8 |
| Operating (loss) income |  | (21.8) |  | 165.9 |
| Interest expense, net |  | 20.5 |  | 5.7 |
| (Loss) income before provision for income taxes |  | (42.3) |  | 160.2 |
| Provision for income taxes |  | (24.6) |  | 42.8 |
| Net (loss) income | \$ | (17.7) | \$ | 117.4 |
| Net (loss) income per share: |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | (0.06) | \$ | 0.42 |
| Diluted | \$ | (0.06) | \$ | 0.42 |
| Shares used in computing net (loss) income per sha |  |  |  |  |
| Basic |  | 283.2 |  | 279.5 |
| Diluted |  | 286.7 |  | 281.9 |

## Gross profit

Selling, general and administrative expenses
Operating (loss) income
(Loss) income before provision for income taxes
Provision for income taxes
Net (loss) income
Diluted net (loss) income per share

Gross profit
Selling, general and administrative expenses
Operating income
Income before provision for income taxes
Provision for income taxes
Net income
Diluted net income per share
(1) Amounts as of September 30, 2017 represent technology infrastructure and organizational efficiency costs. Amounts as of October 1, 2016 represent charges primarily related to organizational efficiency costs and to a lesser extent, network optimization costs.
${ }^{(2)}$ Amounts as of September 30, 2017 represent charges primarily attributable to acquisition and integration costs related to the purchase of Kate Spade \& Company. These charges include:

- Limited life purchase accounting adjustments
- Acquisition costs
- Inventory reserves established for the destruction of inventory
- Severance and other costs related to contractual payments with certain Kate Spade executives
COGS
Integration \& Acquisition
Gross profit
SG\&A
Integration \& Acquisition
Operational Efficiency Plan
SG\&A
Operating (loss) income

COGS
Integration \& Acquisition
Gross profit
SG\&A
Integration \& Acquisition
Operational Efficiency Plan
SG\&A
Operating income

GAAP TO NON-GAAP RECONCILIATION
For the Quarters Ended September 30, 2017 and October 1, 2016 (in millions)
(unaudited)

(1) On July 11, 2017, the Company completed its acquisition of Kate Spade. The operating results of the Kate Spade brand have been consolidated in the Company's operating results commencing on July 11, 2017.

The Company reports information in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). The Company's management does not, nor does it suggest that investors should, consider non-GAAP financial measures in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Further, the non-GAAP measures utilized by the Company may be unique to the Company, as they may be different from non-GAAP measures used by other companies. The financial information presented above, as well as gross margin, SG\&A expense ratio, and operating margin, have been presented both including and excluding the effect of certain items related to our Operational Efficiency Plan and Integration \& AcquisitionRelated Costs for Tapestry, Inc. and separately for the Coach, Kate Spade and Stuart Weitzman brands, and the Company's Corporate results.

The Company operates on a global basis and reports financial results in U.S. dollars in accordance with GAAP. Percentage increases/decreases in net sales for the Company and the Coach brand have been presented both including and excluding currency fluctuation effects from translating foreign-denominated sales into U.S. dollars and compared to the same periods in the prior quarter and fiscal year. The Company calculates constant currency revenue results by translating current period revenue in local currency using the prior period's monthly average currency conversion rate.

Guidance for certain financial information for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 has also been presented on a non-GAAP basis.
Management utilizes these non-GAAP and constant currency measures to conduct and evaluate its business during its regular review of operating results for the periods affected and to make decisions about Company resources and performance. The Company believes presenting these non-GAAP measures, which exclude items that are not comparable from period to period, is useful to investors and others in evaluating the Company's ongoing operating and financial results in a manner that is consistent with management's evaluation of business performance and understanding how such results compare with the Company's historical performance. Additionally, the Company believes presenting these metrics on a constant currency basis will help investors and analysts to understand the effect of significant year-over-year foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on these performance measures and provide a framework to assess how business is performing and expected to perform excluding these effects.

| For the Quarters Ended September 30,2017 and October 1, 2016 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


|  | Coach | Kate Spade(1) |  | Stuart Weitzman |  | Corporate |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 923.7 | \$ | 268.8 | \$ | 96.4 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,288.9 |
|  | 632.1 |  | 76.3 |  | 56.0 |  | - |  | 764.4 |
|  | 198.3 |  | (134.9) |  | 8.4 |  | (93.6) |  | (21.8) |


| Net sales | $\$$ | 950.1 | $\$$ | - | $\$$ | 87.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gross profit | 663.6 | $\$$ | - | $\$ 1.037 .6$ |  |  |
| Operating income (loss) | 232.3 | - | 714.7 |  |  |  |
| Income (loss) before provision for income taxes | 232.3 | - | 3.9 | $(70.3)$ | 165.9 |  |
|  |  | - | 3.9 | $(76.0)$ | 160.2 |  |

(1) On July 11, 2017, the Company completed its acquisition of Kate Spade. The operating results of the Kate Spade brand have been consolidated in the Company's operating results commencing on July 11, 2017.


## CONTACT:

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